

# NAG Toolbox for MATLAB

## f02ea

### 1 Purpose

f02ea computes all the eigenvalues, and optionally the Schur factorization, of a real general matrix.

### 2 Syntax

```
[a, wr, wi, z, ifail] = f02ea(job, a, 'n', n)
```

### 3 Description

f02ea computes all the eigenvalues, and optionally the Schur form or the complete Schur factorization, of a real general matrix  $A$ :

$$A = ZTZ^T,$$

where  $T$  is an upper quasi-triangular matrix, and  $Z$  is an orthogonal matrix.  $T$  is called the *Schur form* of  $A$ , and the columns of  $Z$  are called the *Schur vectors*.

If it is desired to order the Schur factorization so that specified eigenvalues occur in the leading positions on the diagonal of  $T$ , then this function may be followed by a call of f08qg. Other reorderings may be achieved by calls to f08qf.

### 4 References

Golub G H and Van Loan C F 1996 *Matrix Computations* (3rd Edition) Johns Hopkins University Press, Baltimore

### 5 Parameters

#### 5.1 Compulsory Input Parameters

1: **job** – string

Indicates whether the Schur form and Schur vectors are to be computed.

**job** = 'N'

Only eigenvalues are computed.

**job** = 'S'

Eigenvalues and the Schur form  $T$  are computed.

**job** = 'V'

Eigenvalues, the Schur form and the Schur vectors are computed.

*Constraint:* **job** = 'N', 'S' or 'V'.

2: **a(lda,\*)** – double array

The first dimension of the array **a** must be at least  $\max(1, \mathbf{n})$

The second dimension of the array must be at least  $\max(1, \mathbf{n})$

The  $n$  by  $n$  general matrix  $A$ .

## 5.2 Optional Input Parameters

1: **n** – int32 scalar

*Default:* The dimension of the array **n**.

*n*, the order of the matrix *A*.

*Constraint:*  $n \geq 0$ .

## 5.3 Input Parameters Omitted from the MATLAB Interface

lda, ldz, work, lwork

## 5.4 Output Parameters

1: **a(lda,\*)** – double array

The first dimension of the array **a** must be at least  $\max(1, n)$

The second dimension of the array must be at least  $\max(1, n)$

If **job** = 'S' or 'V', **a** contains the upper quasi-triangular matrix *T*, the Schur form of *A*.

If **job** = 'N', the contents of **a** are overwritten.

2: **wr(\*)** – double array

**Note:** the dimension of the array **wr** must be at least  $\max(1, n)$ .

The real part of the computed eigenvalues. Complex conjugate pairs of eigenvalues are stored in consecutive elements of **wr** and **wi**, with the eigenvalue having positive imaginary parts first.

If **job** = 'S' or 'V', the eigenvalues occur in the same order as on the diagonal of *T*, with complex conjugate pairs corresponding to 2 by 2 diagonal blocks.

3: **wi(\*)** – double array

**Note:** the dimension of the array **wi** must be at least  $\max(1, n)$ .

The imaginary part of the computed eigenvalues. Complex conjugate pairs of eigenvalues are stored in consecutive elements of **wr** and **wi**, with the eigenvalue having positive imaginary part first.

If **job** = 'S' or 'V', the eigenvalues occur in the same order as on the diagonal of *T*, with complex conjugate pairs corresponding to 2 by 2 diagonal blocks.

4: **z(ldz,\*)** – double array

The first dimension, **ldz**, of the array **z** must satisfy

if **job** = 'N' or 'S',  $ldz \geq 1$ ;

if **job** = 'V',  $ldz \geq \max(1, n)$ .

The second dimension of the array must be at least  $\max(1, n)$  if **job** = 'V', and at least 1 otherwise

If **job** = 'V', **z** contains the orthogonal matrix *Z* of Schur vectors.

If **job** = 'N' or 'S', **z** is not referenced.

5: **ifail** – int32 scalar

0 unless the function detects an error (see Section 6).

## 6 Error Indicators and Warnings

Errors or warnings detected by the function:

**ifail** = 1

On entry, **job**  $\neq$  'N', 'S' or 'V',  
 or **n** < 0,  
 or **lda** < max(1, **n**),  
 or **ldz** < 1, or **ldz** < **n** and **job** = 'V',  
 or **lwork** < max(1, 3  $\times$  **n**).

**ifail** = 2

The *QR* algorithm failed to compute all the eigenvalues.

## 7 Accuracy

The computed Schur factorization is the exact factorization of a nearby matrix  $A + E$ , where

$$\|E\|_2 = O(\epsilon)\|A\|_2,$$

and  $\epsilon$  is the *machine precision*.

If  $\lambda_i$  is an exact eigenvalue, and  $\tilde{\lambda}_i$  is the corresponding computed value, then

$$|\tilde{\lambda}_i - \lambda_i| \leq \frac{c(n)\epsilon\|A\|_2}{s_i},$$

where  $c(n)$  is a modestly increasing function of  $n$ , and  $s_i$  is the reciprocal condition number of  $\lambda_i$ . The condition numbers  $s_i$  may be computed by calling `f08ql`.

## 8 Further Comments

`f02ea` calls functions from LAPACK in Chapter F08. It first reduces  $A$  to upper Hessenberg form  $H$ , using an orthogonal similarity transformation:  $A = QHQ^T$ . If only eigenvalues or the Schur form are required, the function uses the upper Hessenberg *QR* algorithm to compute the eigenvalues or Schur form of  $H$ . If the Schur vectors are required, the function first forms the orthogonal matrix  $Q$  that was used in the reduction to Hessenberg form; it then uses the *QR* algorithm to reduce  $H$  to  $T$ , using further orthogonal transformations:  $H = STS^T$ , and at the same time accumulates the matrix of Schur vectors  $Z = QS$ .

If all the computed eigenvalues are real, then  $T$  is upper triangular, and the diagonal elements of  $T$  are the eigenvalues of  $A$ . If some of the computed eigenvalues form complex conjugate pairs, then  $T$  has 2 by 2 diagonal blocks. Each block has the form

$$\begin{pmatrix} \alpha & \beta \\ \gamma & \alpha \end{pmatrix},$$

where  $\beta\gamma < 0$ , and the corresponding eigenvalues are  $\alpha \pm \sqrt{\beta\gamma}$ .

Each Schur vector  $z$  is normalized so that  $\|z\|_2 = 1$ , and the element of largest absolute value is positive.

The time taken by the function is approximately proportional to  $n^3$ .

## 9 Example

```
job = 'Vectors';
a = [0.35, 0.45, -0.14, -0.17;
     0.09, 0.070000000000000001, -0.54, 0.35;
     -0.44, -0.33, -0.03, 0.17;
     0.25, -0.32, -0.13, 0.11];
[aOut, wr, wi, z, ifail] = f02ea(job, a)
```

```
aOut =  
    0.7995   -0.0060   -0.1144    0.0336  
         0   -0.0994    0.6483   -0.2026  
         0   -0.2478   -0.0994    0.3474  
         0         0         0   -0.1007  
  
wr =  
    0.7995  
   -0.0994  
   -0.0994  
   -0.1007  
  
wi =  
         0  
    0.4008  
   -0.4008  
         0  
  
z =  
    0.6551   -0.3450    0.1037    0.6641  
    0.5236    0.6141   -0.5807   -0.1068  
   -0.5362    0.2935   -0.3073    0.7293  
    0.0956    0.6463    0.7467    0.1249  
  
ifail =  
         0
```

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